

a) placing a [Cds/CdTe] Cds/CdTe device into a chamber and evacuating said chamber to create a vacuum of ~1e-5 torr;

b) orientating the polycrystalline p-CdTe side of the Cds/CdTe device to face apparatus capable of generating Ar atoms and ions of preferred energy and directionality;

c) introducing Argon and igniting [the] an area of said apparatus to generate Ar atoms and ions of preferred energy and directionality in a range of ~50 - 2000eV in a manner so that during ion exposure, the source-to-substrate distance is maintained such that it is less than the mean-free path or diffusion length of the Ar atoms and ions at [the] said vacuum [pressure]; and

d) allowing exposure of the polycrystalline p-CdTe side [of the layer] to said ion beam for a period less than about [5 minutes] 1 minute to alter the surface stoichiometry from Cd-rich to Te-rich prior to forming a contact interface or semiconductor layer.

E
CONC'D
E
E (Amended) The process of claim [3] 1 wherein said mean-free path of Ar atoms and ions are >500mm [and pressure of the vacuum is about 1e-5 torr].

S
REMARKS

The Official Action and cited references have again been carefully reviewed. The review indicates that the claims,